UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
LIBERTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,	
Plaintiff, -against-	MEMORANDUM AND ORDER Case No. 07-CV-00037 (FB) (CLP)

FAST LANE CAR SERVICE, INC., VIRJILIO LAJARA, ELIS AGENCY INC., and IRINA GITSIN,

Defendants.

X

Appearances:

For the Plaintiff: JEFFREY R. KRANTZ, ESQ. Bennett, Giuliano, McDonnell & Perrone LLP 225 West 34th Street, Suite 402 New York, New York 10122

For Defendants Fast Lane Car Service, Inc., and Virjilio Lajara: EFRAIN RAMOS, JR., ESQ. Law Office of Efrain Ramos, Jr. 95-03 101st Avenue Ozone Park, New York 11416

For Defendant Elis Agency, Inc.: RICHARD B. LIND, ESQ. Law Office of Richard B. Lind, Esq. 745 Fifth Avenue, Suite 902 New York, New York 10151

BLOCK, Senior District Judge:

On January 5, 2010, Magistrate Judge Cheryl L. Pollak issued a Report and Recommendation ("R&R") recommending that Plaintiff Liberty Mutual Insurance Company ("Liberty") be awarded damages for unpaid insurance premiums in the amount of \$174,193.00 from Defendants Fast Lane Car Service, Inc., and Virjilio Lajara (collectively, "Fast Lane"). The R&R also recommends that Liberty be awarded prejudgment interest on this sum at 9% per annum from

¹ The Fast Lane defendants are the only remaining defendants; Elis Agency, Inc. and Irina Gitsin entered into a stipulated dismissal with prejudice on April 10, 2008. *See* Docket Entry No. 18.

July 1, 2005, plus post-judgment interest in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1961(a). The R&R also stated that failure to object within fourteen days of receipt of the R&R would waive any right to further judicial review. *See* R&R at 17, Docket Entry No. 37. According to the docket, Fast Lane's counsel received electronic notice of the R&R on January 6, 2010; no objections have been filed.

If clear notice has been given of the consequences of failure to object, and there are no objections, the Court may adopt the R&R without *de novo* review. *See Mario v. P & C Food Mkts., Inc.*, 313 F.3d 758, 766 (2d Cir. 2002) ("Where parties receive clear notice of the consequences, failure timely to object to a magistrate's report and recommendation operates as a waiver of further judicial review of the magistrate's decision."). The Court will excuse the failure to object and conduct *de novo* review if it appears that the magistrate judge may have committed plain error, *see Spence v. Superintendent, Great Meadow Corr. Facility*, 219 F.3d 162, 174 (2d Cir. 2000); no such error appears here.

Accordingly, the Court adopts the R&R without *de novo* review and directs the Clerk to enter judgment in accordance with the R&R.

SO ORDERED.

FREDERIC BLOCK
Senior United States District Judge

Brooklyn, New York January 26, 2010